Spatiotemporal Variation of Algal Nutrient Limitation in Grand Lake, Oklahoma and the Effect of Internal Nutrient Load

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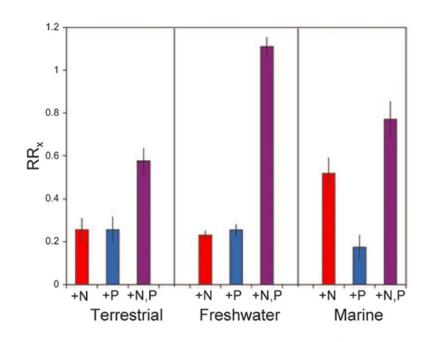


- Nutrient Limitation
 - Liebig's "Law" of the Minimum (1)
 - Yield can only increase only if you add the most limiting resource, and only that resource.
 - Only a single resource is limiting at a given time.



- Single Nutrient Limitation
 - Phosphorus Limitation Paradigm (2)
 - Classical Experimental Lakes Enrichment (Lake 226)(3)
 - David Schinlder
 - Premise: atmospheric inputs of N and N fixation offsets the imbalance of N and P (4)
 - Textbooks
 - Management Strategies

- Review of Nutrient enrichment data.
 - Co-Limitation
 - Greater response to simultaneous enrichment by both nutrients than single addition of N or P (5)
 - Synergy
 - Two or more nutrients added together creating a greater response than they do individually.



Elser et al. 2007⁽⁶⁾

- N:P ratios
 - Used to predict N or P limitation of algal growth⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁾
 - N:P>22 (P limited)
 - N:P<9 (N Limited)
 - Seen in OWRB BUMP reports

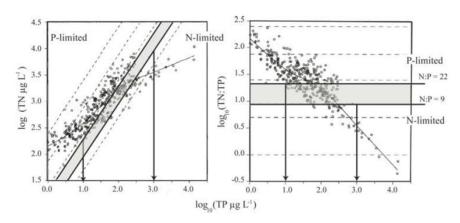


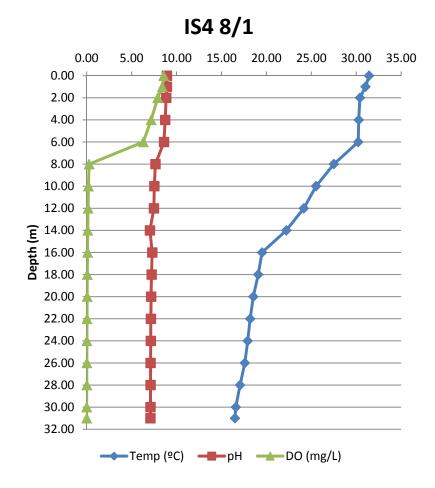
Figure 1. Stoichiometric linkages between TN and TP (log-transformed) for 221 lakes in 14 countries, plotted both as TN vs. TP (left) and as their ratio vs. TP. The shaded regions indicate the regions "inside" the TN:TP ratios proposed by Guildford and Hecky (2000) that are associated with N- or P-limitation. The vertical arrows indicate the TP levels above or below which one must extend in order to move outside of the range of variability in the data. Figure modified from Downing and McCauley (1992). Following the original publication, mass units are used.

- Importance of determining the limiting nutrient
 - Guide management practices
 - Reducing inputs of the limiting nutrient improves water quality.

- Internal nutrient loading
 - Re mineralization of N &
 P from anoxic sediments
 - Bacterial Mediated
 - Classic: Reduction of iron by bacteria

FeOOH +
$$3H^++e^- \rightarrow Fe^{2+} + H_2O$$

Grand Lake Has an anoxia problem....



Objectives

- Monitor the nutrient limitation status Grand Lake.
 - Can nutrient limitation be accurately predicted from N:P ratios?
- Examine how the internal load affects nutrient limitation.

Methods

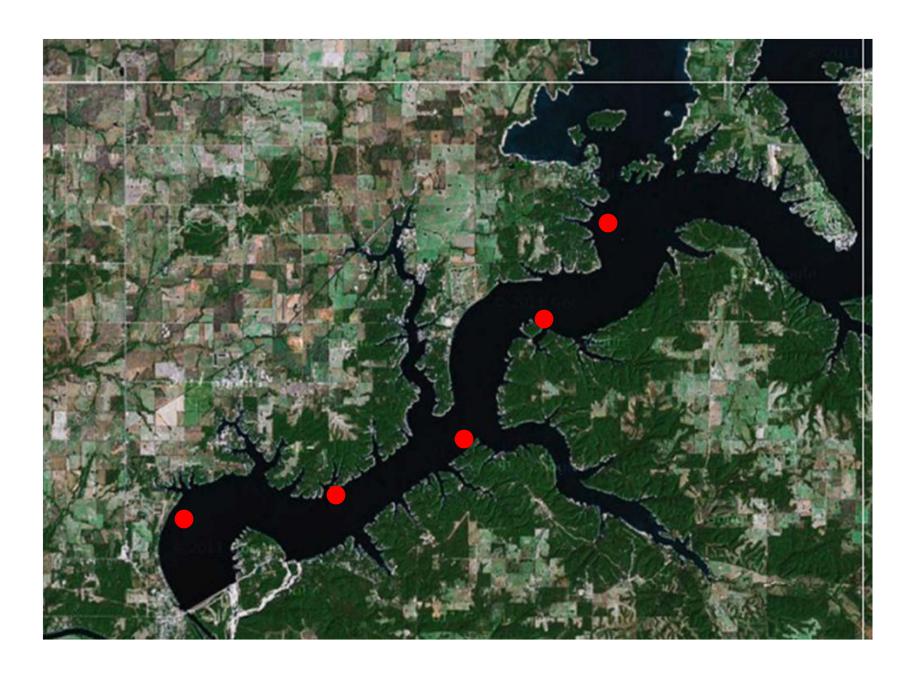
Grand Lake

- Stretches through
 Delaware, Ottawa and
 Mayes County in NE
 Oklahoma.
- Surface area of +18,000Ha
- $-Z_{max} \sim 36 \text{ m}$
- Agricultural Watershed.
- Highly Developed shoreline.



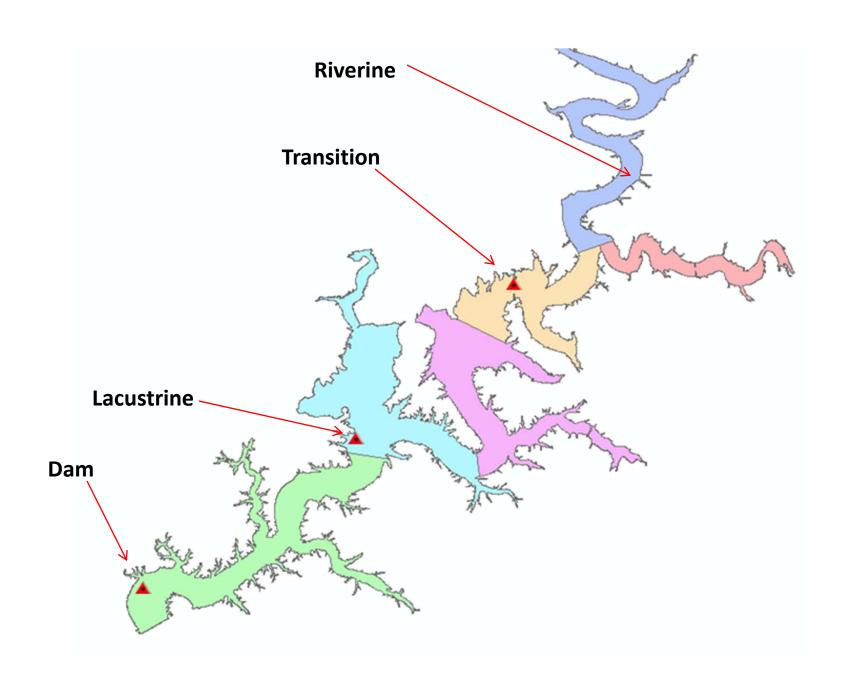
Methods (Sampling & Analysis)

- Sampling & Analysis
 - June-October 2011 (bimonthly)
 - Physiochemical Profiles
 - Temp, DO, ORP, pH, Cond.
 - 3 Epi & 3 Hypo samples
 - Samples Analyzed within 48 hours
 - TN, TP, NH₃-N, NO₃
 - Stats: ANOVA, 2 Way ANOVA, Linear Regression (R
 & Sigmaplot)



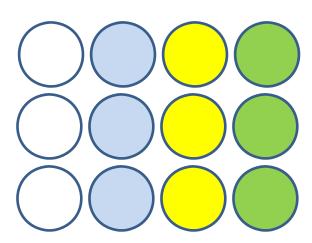
Methods (Nutrient Bioassays)

- 20 L collected from 3-4 sites.
 - May, June, August, September, October
- Collected volume filtered to remove macrozooplankton
- Water placed into 12, 1 L glass bioassay jars
 - Initial Relative Florescence (RFU) measured.

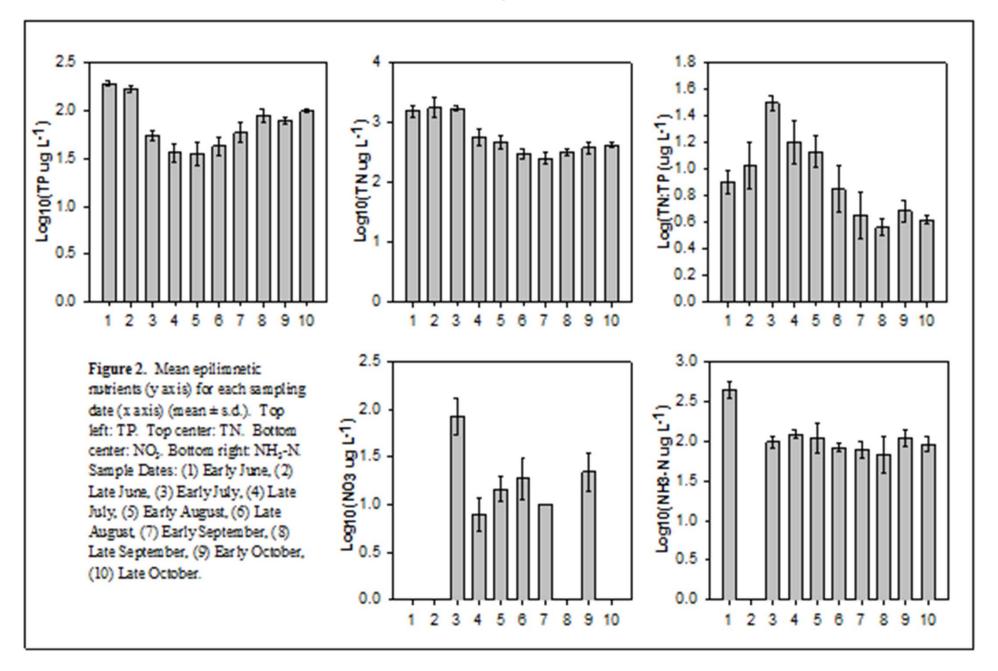


Methods (Nutrient Bioassays)

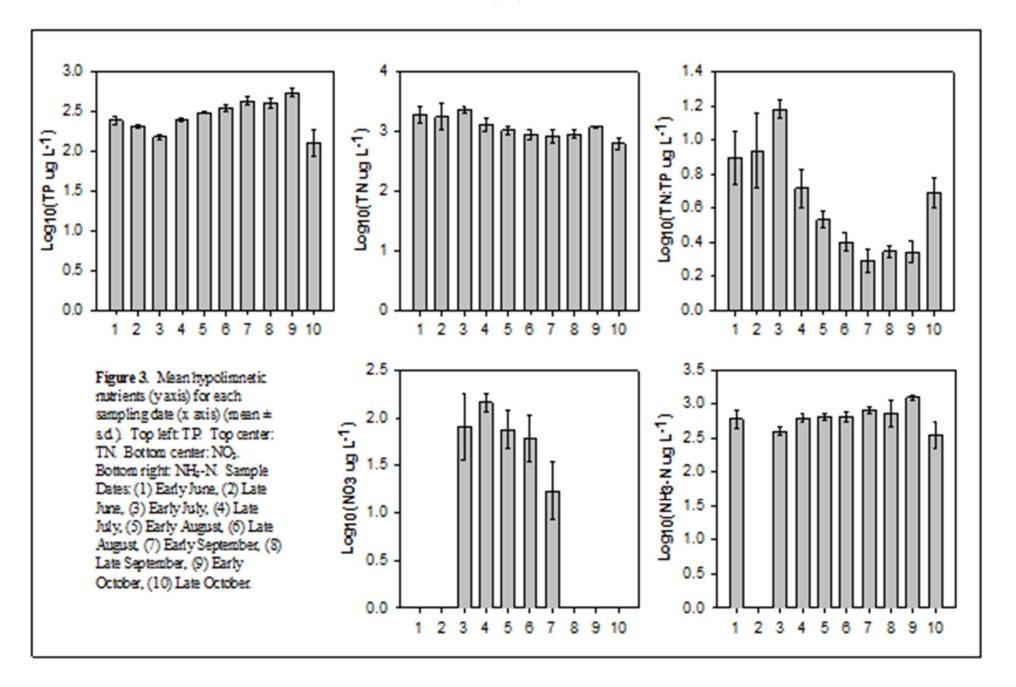
- Control
- Treatments
 - Nitrogen (+N) (1600 μg L⁻¹)
 - Phosphorus (+P) (100 μ g L⁻¹)
 - Nitrogen and Phosphorus (+NP)
- Placed into an environmental chamber at mean surface temperature and average day length
- Measured Every 24 hours after setup
- 2 way RM-ANOVA



Results (Epilimnion)



Results (Hypolimnion)



Results

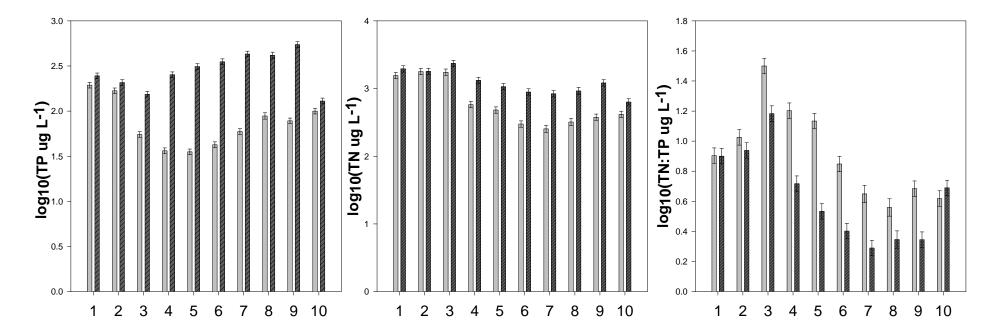


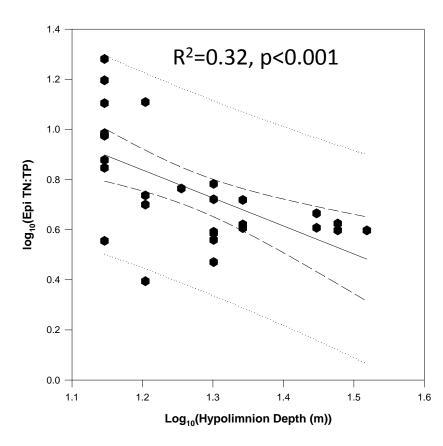
Figure 4. Mean epilimnetic and hypolimnetic nutrients (±s.d.) for each sampling date. Left: TP. Center: TN. Right: TN:TP. Sample Dates: (1) Early June, (2) Late June, (3) Early July, (4) Late July, (5) Early August, (6) Late August, (7) Early September, (8) Late September, (9) Early October, (10) Late October.

Results

Regression, Conf. & Pred.

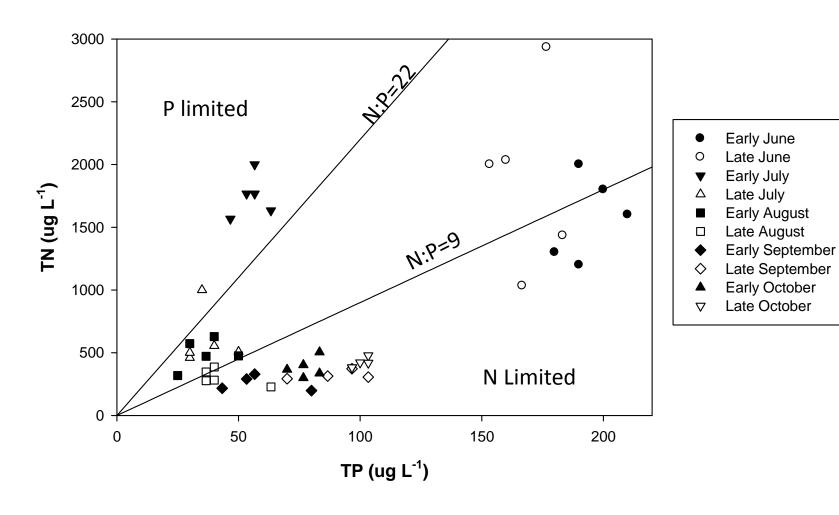
2.6 R²=0.66, p<0.001 2.4 2.2 log₁₀ (Epi TP ug L⁻¹) 2.0 1.6 1.4 1.2 -1.1 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.5 1.6 Log₁₀(Hypolimnion Depth (m))

Regression, Conf. & Pred.



TN: no significant relationship

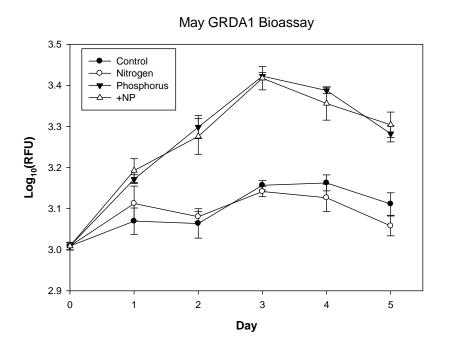
Results

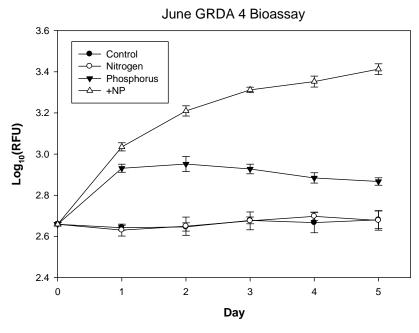


Month	Riverine	Transition	Lacustrine	Dam
May	P Limitation	P Limitation	No Response	No Response
June	P Serial Limitation	P Serial Limitation	P Serial Limitation	P Serial Limitation
August		Independent Co -Limitation	Independent Co -Limitation	P Serial Limitation
Sept		N Serial Limitation	N Serial Limitation	N Serial Limitation
October	No Response	No Response	No Response	No Response

P Limitation

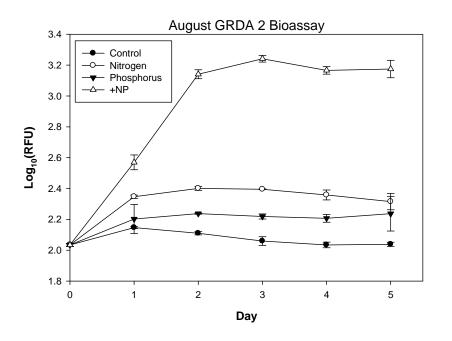
P Serial Limitation

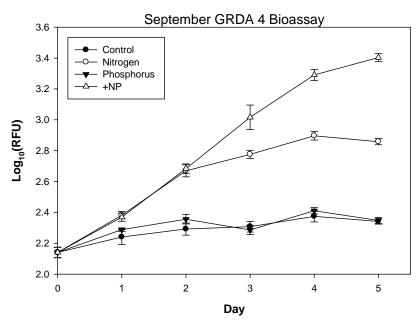




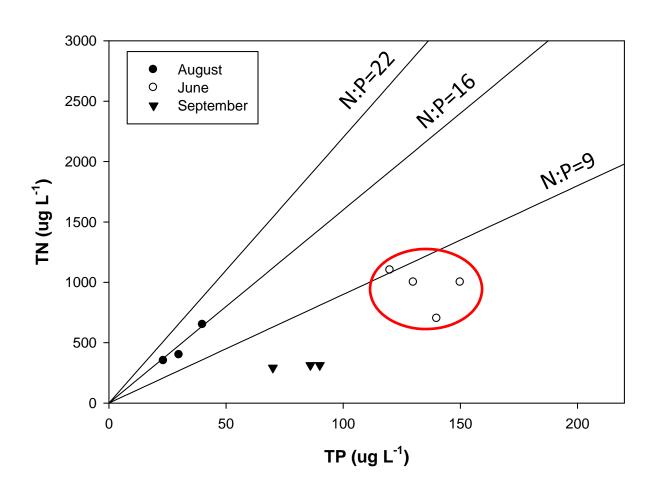
Independent Co-Limitation

N Serial Limitation





See Harpole et al. (2011)



Conclusions

- Nutrient Limitation Varied Spatially and temporally in Grand Lake
- N:P ratios and Actual Nutrient Limitation need more development.
 - Serial Limitation vs. Co limitation
- The internal phosphorus load may have driven
 N:P ratios lower later in the year.

Comments/Questions?