

OUTLINE

- ☐ Overview of environmental flows
- ☐ Environmental flow projects in Oklahoma
- ☐ Current legislation on environmental flows
- ☐ Challenges to implementing environmental flows
- ☐ Similar states with environmental flow programs
- Opportunities

INSTREAM FLOW COUNCIL DEFINITION OF ENVIRONMENTAL FLOWS

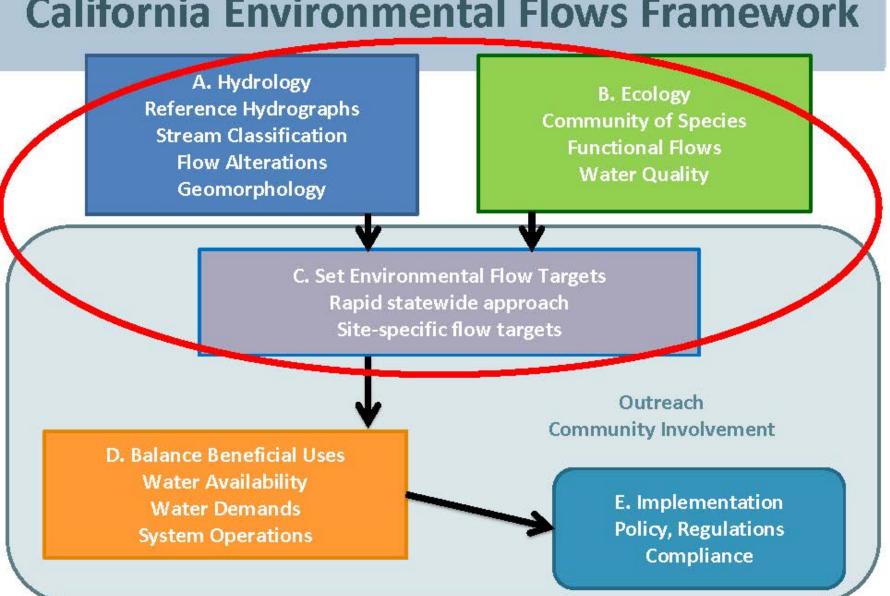
Water flowing in a stream

• Riverine Components:

Hydrology → Biology → Geomorphology → Water Quality → Connectivity

- Legal/Institutional
- Public Involvement

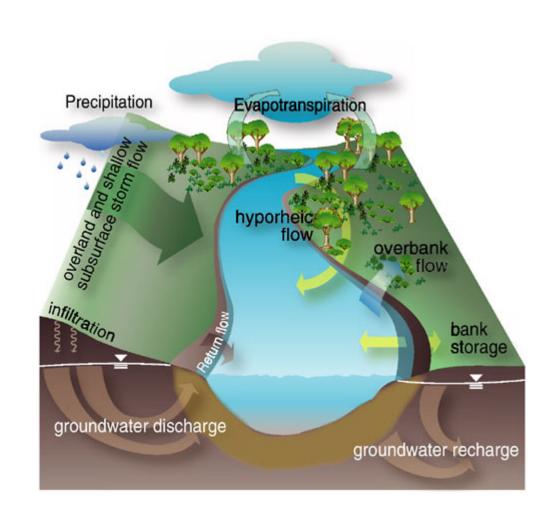
California Environmental Flows Framework



TERMINOLOGY USED FOR INSTREAM FLOWS

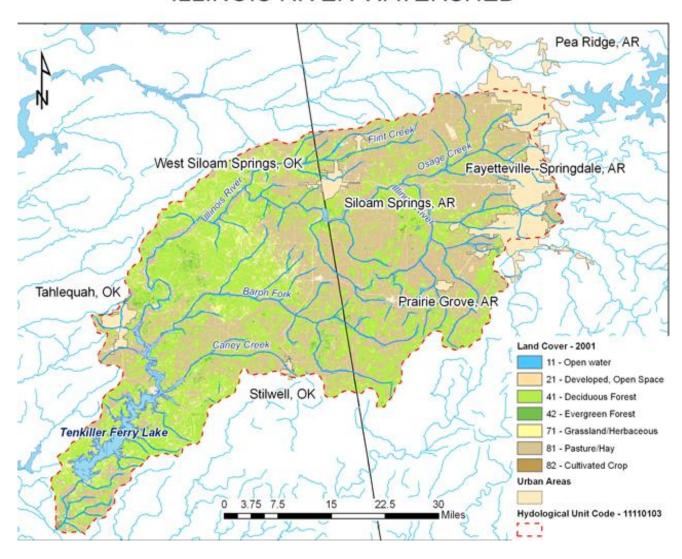
- Environmental Flows
- Instream Flows
- Fish and Wildlife Flows
- Fish and Recreational Flows

- Non-consumptive Use
- Minimum Flows



BARREN FORK ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW

ILLINOIS RIVER WATERSHED



BARREN FORK ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW TIMELINE

Year	Organization	Outcome		
1981	OWRB	Response to dependable yields of Lake Tenkiller Reservoir & preserving free flowing nature of Baron Fork		
1981	Adair County Rural Water District #5	Applied for surface water permit		
1990	OWRB	Amended rules on ORW's & Scenic Rivers to minimum 50 cfs for Baron Fork to sustain fish		
1994	Adair County Rural Water District #5	Applied for an additional water diversion		
1998	OSU- Layher, W.G. Study	Protested Adair water permit due to study showing 75 cfs needed from July-Oct.		
2000	OSU- Fisher et al. Study	Study showed 30-75 cfs needed during low flows		
2003	Public review and OWRB	Future water withdrawal permits set to 50 cfs @ Eldon gaging station or Tenkiller Reservoir @ or above 632 MSL		

OKLAHOMA COMPREHENSIVE WATER PLAN PRIORITY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Water Project & Infrastructure Funding
- Regional Planning Groups
- Excess & Surplus Water
- Instream/Environmental Flows
- State/Tribal Water Consultation & Resolution
- Water Conservation, Efficiency, Recycling & Reuse Water
- Supply Reliability
- Water Quality & Quantity Monitoring

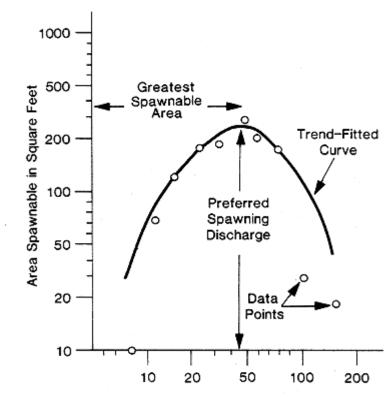


UPPER ILLINOIS RIVER INSTREAM FLOW PILOT PROJECT

- OWRB and ACOE funded
- Carollo Engineering facilitated meetings
- IF Technical Workgroup assisted in data analysis
- May 2017 final report by Ch2m Hill
- IFIM and PHABSIM
- Target fish species and habitat suitability modeling

INSTREAM FLOW INCREMENTAL METHODOLOGY (IFIM)

- Habitat quality based on stream hydraulics
- Incremental changes in water flow and effects on available habitat of species studying
- Microhabitat: water velocity, water depth, substrate, cover in riffles, pools, runs
- Macrohabitat: water quality, stream size, stream gradient

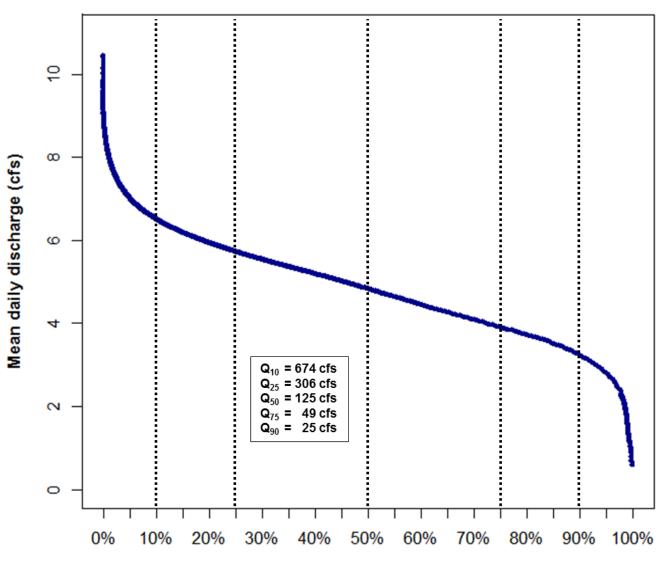


Physical Habitat Simulation Model (PHABSIM)

- Hydrological and biological models to predict changes in habitat over discharge ranges
- Determine biological effects of streamflow alteration
- Component of IFIM

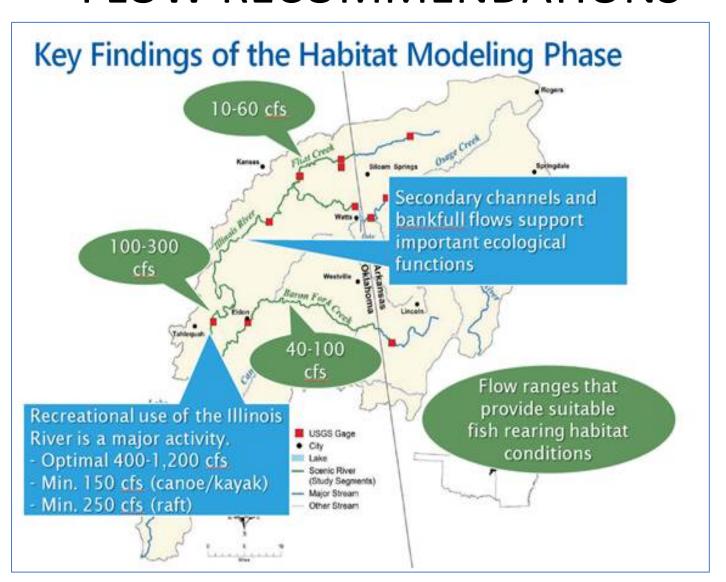


Daily flow duration curve for Baron Fork at Eldon, OK (October 1948 - March 2015)



Exceedance probability

UPPER ILLINOIS RIVER INSTREAM FLOW PILOT PROJECT FLOW RECOMMENDATIONS

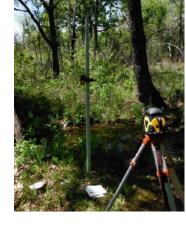


THE NATURE CONSERVANCY-OKLAHOMA CHAPTER ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW PROJECTS

- Freshwater Conservation Program started in June 2012
- Baseline data needed for preserves
- Data for internal purposes only and for active management by Preserve Directors
- Three year studies at 6 preserves
- Transition to leadership and collaborative focus
- Work across political boundaries



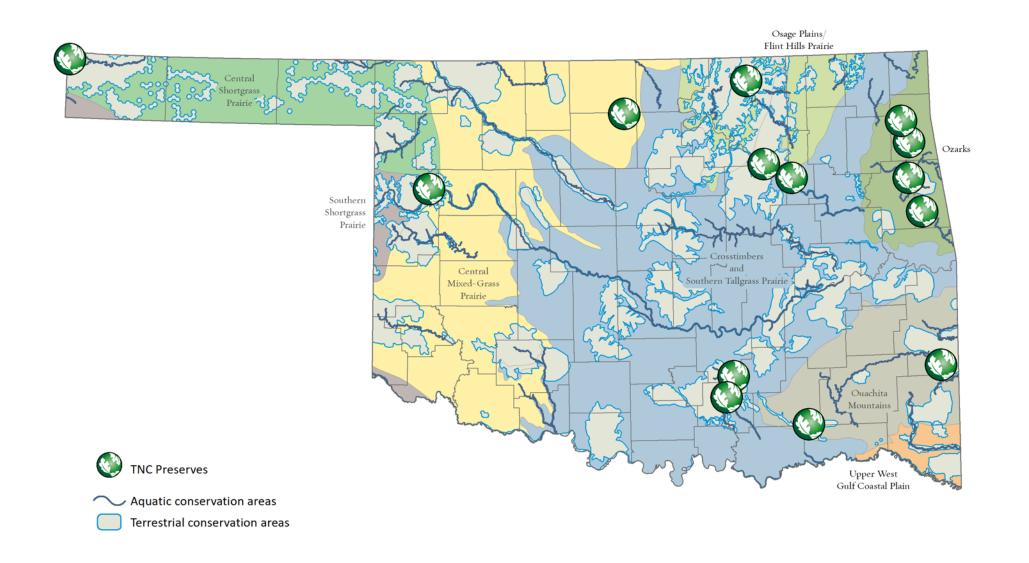








Oklahoma Chapter Portfolio of Conservation Areas



2019 OKLAHOMA LEGISLATION

Several bills introduced

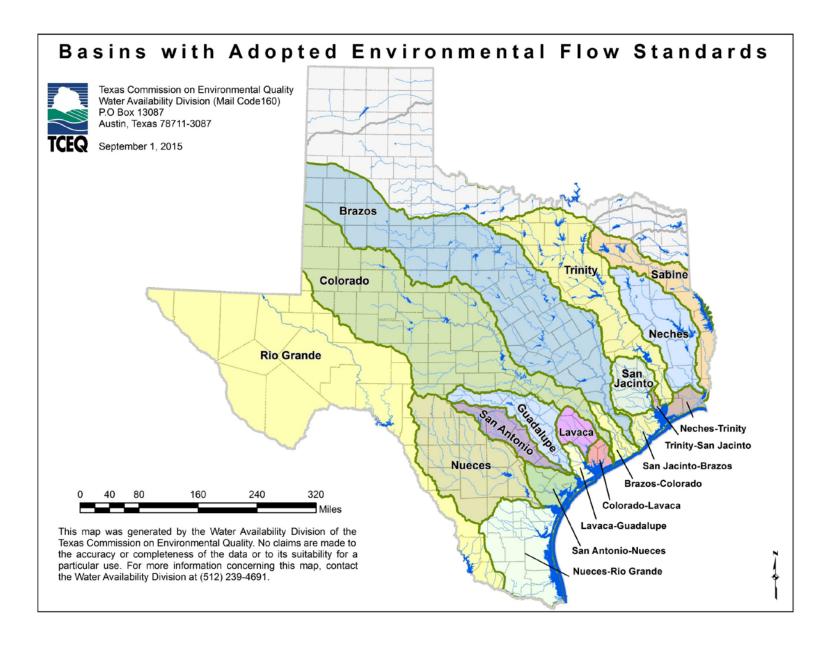
"Instream flow program" means an ongoing program in which a treasured stream is monitored for compliance with instream flow determinations and biological assessments are conducted to determine if adjustments to instream flows are needed





Monitoring a select number of bills for review

TEXAS ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW PROGRAM



UTAH ENVIRONMENTAL FLOW PROGAM

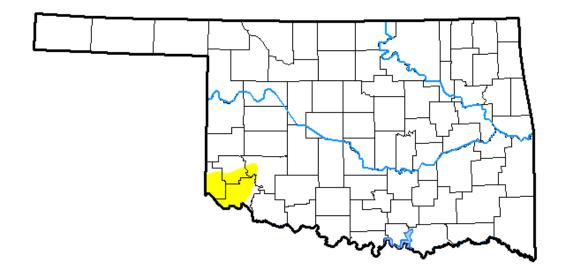
Working within the existing Utah water rights system (Lane, B.A. et al. 2018)

- Acquiring a water source, either through existing water rights (leased donated, or sold) or unappropriated water
- Shepherding water from the source to the instream use location while preventing intermediary users from filing on or diverting the water
- Incentivize water conservation (source) An instream flow lessor encourages a water rights holder to conserve water
- Water savings can occur through efficient irrigation technology, metering secondary water use, irrigation scheduling, or rate changes
- Voluntary landowner incentive programs
- Water banking, split season irrigation, FERC relicensing
- HB 117 and HB 58 expansion for instream flows and protecting agricultural users



U.S. Drought Monitor

Oklahoma



March 26, 2019

(Released Thursday, Mar. 28, 2019)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	97.87	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 03-19-2019	99.36	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 12-25-2018	50.34	49.66	5.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-01-2019	94.85	5.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-25-2018	72.93	27.07	9.11	4.16	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 03-27-2018	40.71	59.29	47.60	42.29	34.93	14.79

Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought
D2 Severe Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:

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U.S. Department of Agriculture

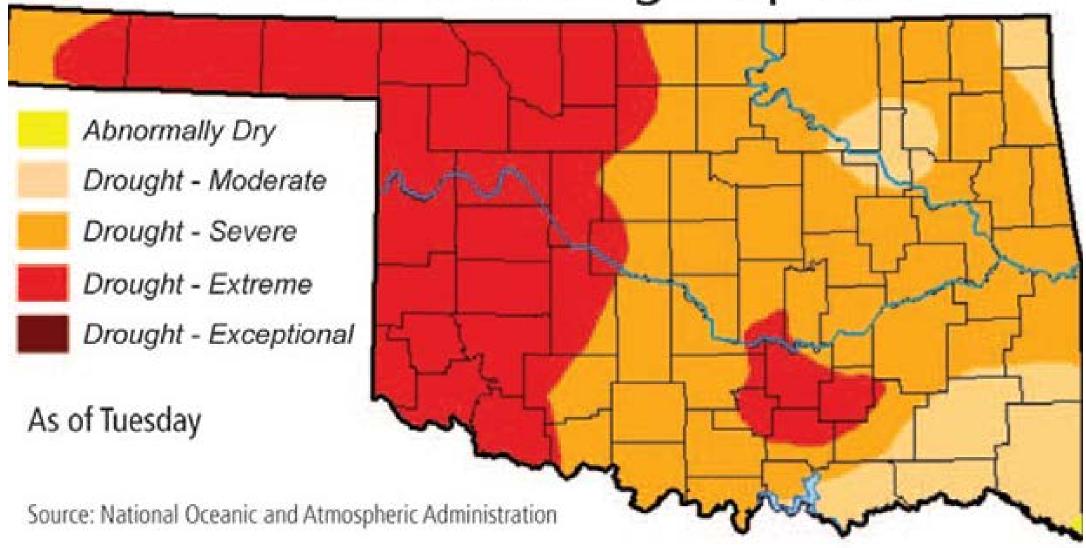






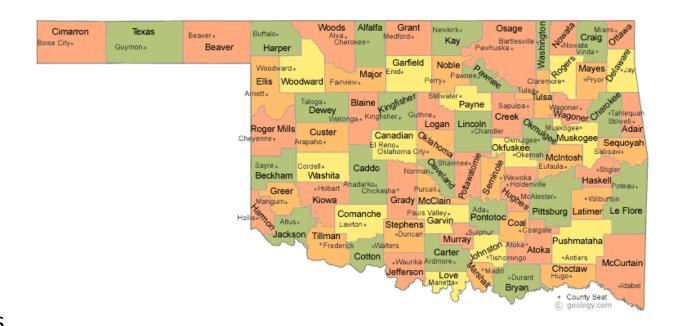


Oklahoma drought update



CHALLENGES IN OKLAHOMA

- Opponents of environmental flows
- Adding flow to water quality standards
- Metering of all water withdrawals
- Enforcement of permit requirements
- Review of grandfathered water withdrawals
- Incorporate traditional or local knowledge with scientific studies
- Additional studies on watersheds with high consumptive use
- Extreme weather events



OPPORTUNITIES FOR OKLAHOMA

- Technical workgroups and advisory workgroup already established
- Priority recommendation in the 2012 OCWP
- Pending environmental flow application on Pennington Creek
- First time legislation has been introduced in 2019
- Educational opportunities with stakeholders and the general public

