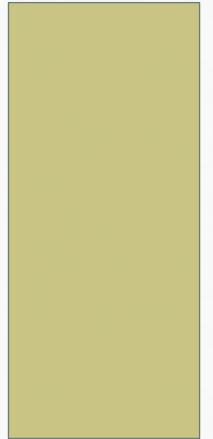
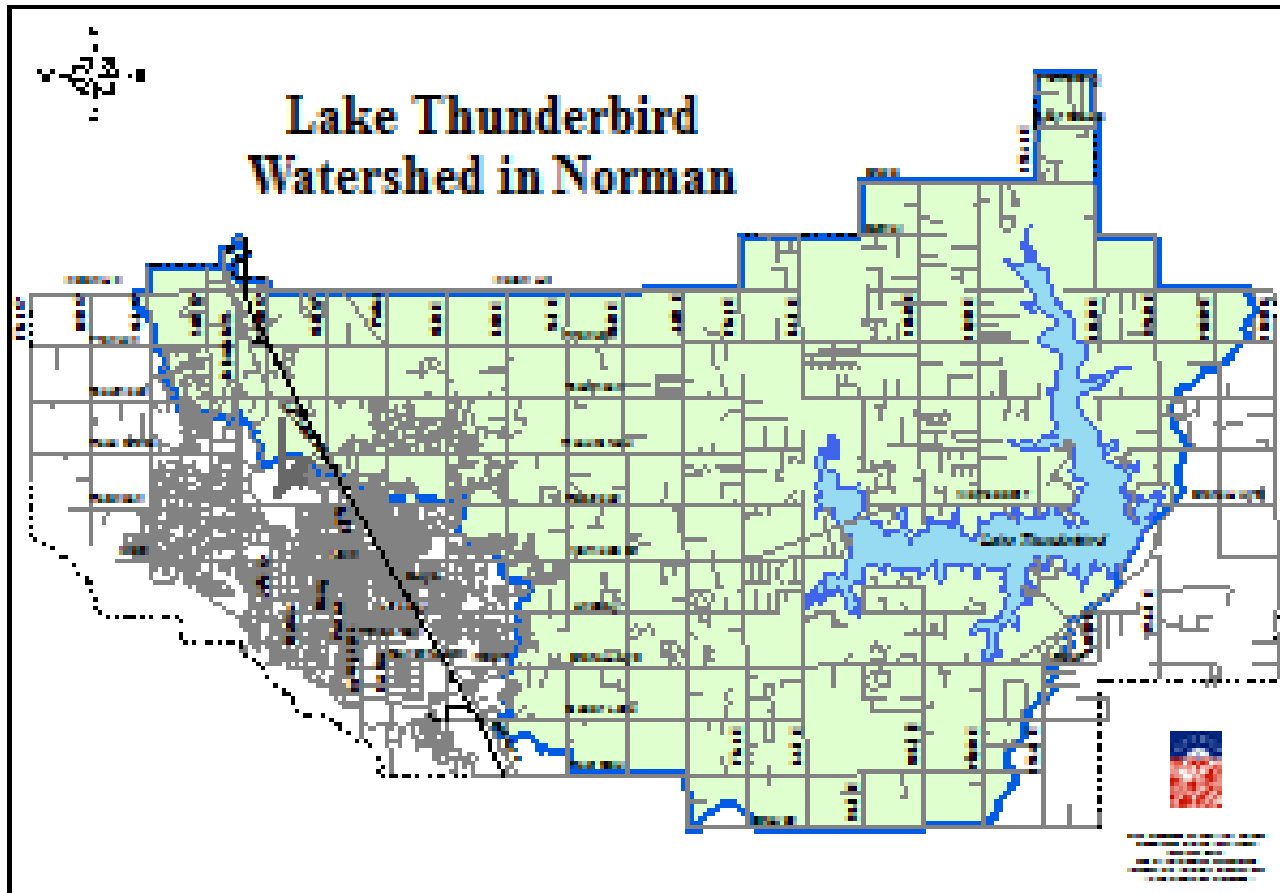


# CITY OF NORMAN LAKE THUNDERBIRD TMDL

CARRIE J. EVENSON, PH.D., P.E., CFM  
STORMWATER PROGRAM MANAGER



## Lake Thunderbird Watershed in Norman

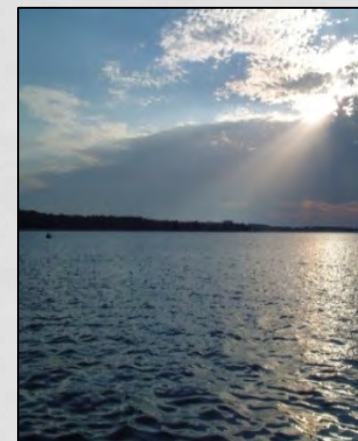


Norman is **190**  
square miles in total

**132 square miles** is  
in the Lake  
Thunderbird  
watershed

# TMDL TIMELINE

- 2007 – Storm Water Master Plan identifies water quality priority
- 2010 – EPA Placed Lake Thunderbird on its 303(d) List of Impaired Waterbodies
- Nov. 2013 – ODEQ Published Lake Thunderbird TMDL
- Oct. 2014 – June 2015 – Norman TMDL Compliance and Monitoring Plan Development



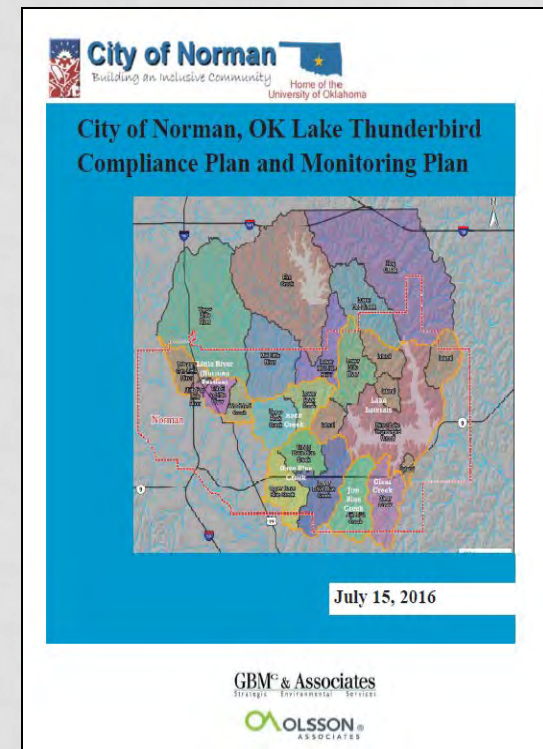
# TMDL TIMELINE

- Oct. 27, 2015 – Council Endorsement of Draft Plans
- Nov. 5, 2015 – Draft Plans Submitted to ODEQ
- Jan. 8, 2016 – ODEQ Comments Received
- July 22, 2016 – Revised Plans Submitted to ODEQ
- Sep. 21, 2016 – ODEQ Approval of Plans
- Oct. 25, 2016 – Council Adoption of Approved Plans



# WHAT IS A TMDL COMPLIANCE AND MONITORING PLAN?

- Describes how load reduction requirements listed in Appendix E of the TMDL will be met
- Includes schedules for monitoring and implementation of structural and non-structural BMPs





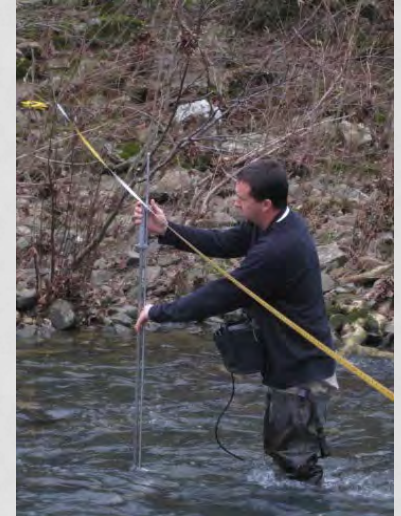
# MONITORING PLAN

- Implementation required by November 12, 2016
- City Council authorized Contract for Monitoring Services with OWRB on January 26, 2016
- Monitoring data to be made available on City website in FYE 2018
  - Awaiting sufficient data to calculate loading rates and observe trends
- Coordination with Cities of Oklahoma City and Moore currently occurring at the staff level



# MONITORING PLAN

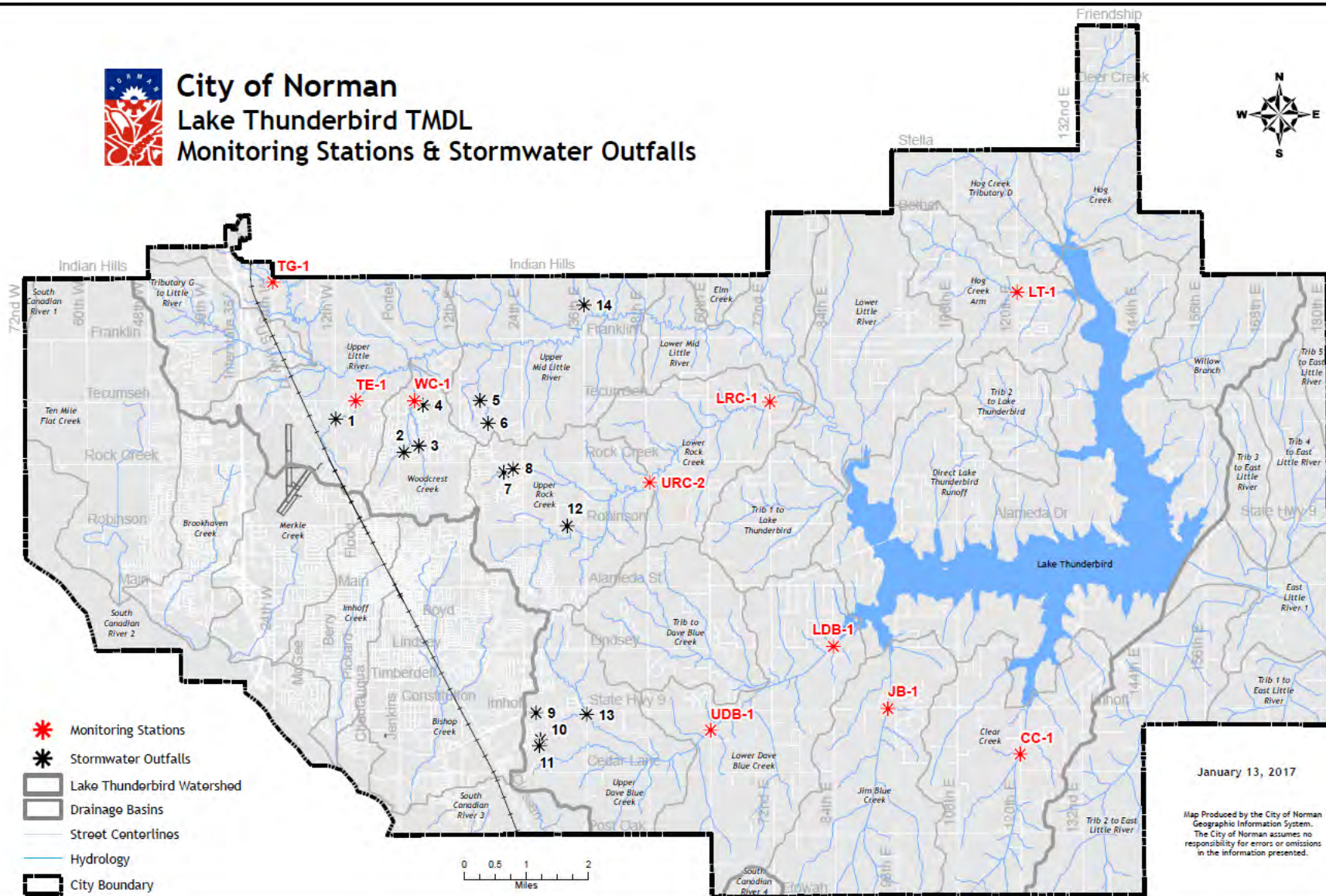
- Monitoring Activities:
  1. Install Water Level Gauges at 10 TMDL Monitoring Stations
    - Installed in May 2016
  2. Conduct Sampling at 10 TMDL Monitoring Stations and 7 of 14 Major Discharge Outfalls
    - Began in March 2016
    - Analyzed for Total P, Total N, TSS
    - Field measurement of pH, DO, temperature, specific conductance and turbidity
  3. Maintain Quality Assurance Project Plan Requirements
    - Included with Monitoring Plan
  4. Partner with OCC for Cost-Free Biological Monitoring (Every Other Year)







# City of Norman Lake Thunderbird TMDL Monitoring Stations & Stormwater Outfalls





# MONITORING SCHEDULE

Activity	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Installation of Gauging Stations	Completed May 2016					
Sampling at Monitoring Stations	10 sites/month	10 sites/month	10 sites/month	10 sites/month	10 sites/month	10 sites/month
Sampling at Major Discharge/Significant Stormwater Outfalls	7 sites/year	7 sites/year	7 sites/year	7 sites/year	7 sites/year	7 sites/year
Review of Monitoring Data	Reported Annually	Reported Annually	Reported Annually	Reported Annually	Reported Annually	Reviewed to assess need for additional BMPS or retrofits

# COMPLIANCE PLAN (FYE 2017)

- Implement Non-Structural BMPs
  - Increase Street Sweeping and Storm Sewer Maintenance
    - 4<sup>th</sup> Street Sweeper and Crew added in FYE 2017
  - Educational Based Programs
    - ▶ Fertilizer Use
      - Soil testing before applying phosphorus
      - Applicator registration and education
      - Community outreach
    - ▶ Pet Waste Management
      - Pet waste receptacles in City parks
        - 30 receptacles located in 25 of the 62 parks
      - Community outreach through media
    - ▶ Septic System Maintenance
      - Identify properties with private sewage systems for educational outreach
    - ▶ Watershed Protection
      - Educate property owners on stream protection



# COMPLIANCE PLAN (FYE 2017)



- Improve Construction Stormwater Compliance with Existing Regulations
  - Continued Education and Training
    - Bi-annual training with builders and developer
    - Quarterly stormwater newsletter
    - On-site individual technical assistance
  - Review Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans prior to and during construction
  - Increased inspection of sites during construction
  - Enhanced enforcement of regulations based on noted violations during construction
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Stormwater Compliance Inspector hired in June 2017



# FUTURE PLANS (FYE 2018 – 2021)

- Continue Implementation of Non-Structural BMPs
  - Increase Street Sweeping and Inlet Cleaning Frequency
    - ▶ Street Sweeping Increase from Annually/Bi-Annually (Secondary Roads/Arterial Roads) to Bi-Annually/ Quarterly
    - ▶ Inlet Cleaning to increase from as needed to bi-annually
    - ▶ 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Street Sweepers and Crew needed in FYE 2019 and 2020
- Rededicate Enforcement of Construction Stormwater Requirements
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> Stormwater Compliance Inspector needed by FYE 2020





## BUILDERS WORKSHOP

February 23, 2017

Join us for a discussion on upcoming changes to the City of Norman construction site inspection program and the Department of Environmental Quality Construction Stormwater permit as well as other common compliance issues.

**Door Prizes!**



**Lunch Provided!**

**Time:** 11:30 am to 1:00 pm

**Location:** BASCO Office  
210 36th Ave SW, Suite 1H  
Norman, OK 73072-5045

**Contact:** Carrie Evenson, Stormwater Engineer  
City of Norman  
(405) 366-5455  
carrie.evenson@normanok.gov

**Please RSVP**



## FUTURE PLANS (FYE 2018 – 2021)

- Review First Three Years of Monitoring Data
  - Set New Loading Baseline (Using all Available Data)
  - Adapt Compliance Plan as Necessary
- Implement Stream Stabilization BMPs
  - Partner with OCC and Local Agricultural Extension Agent to Accomplish this Task


ST-4	Stormwater Treatment Options	
	BIORETENTION	



Figure 1: Bioretention created in a parking lot turn-around

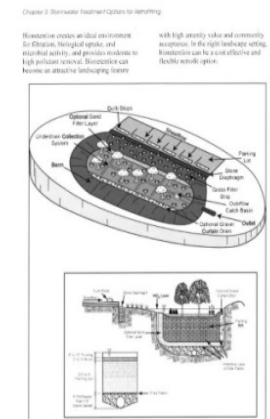


Figure 2: Bioretention schematic with underdrain

# FUTURE PLANS (FYE 2021 – 2022)

- Implement Urban/Suburban Structural BMPs
  - Review Ordinances for Applicability
    - Revise Ordinances if Needed
  - Identify Key Areas for Installation
  - Begin with Demonstration Projects
- Begin Restoration of Riparian Buffer Zones
- Review First Five Years of Monitoring Data
  - Assess Compliance Status with Load Requirements
  - Evaluate Validity of TMDL

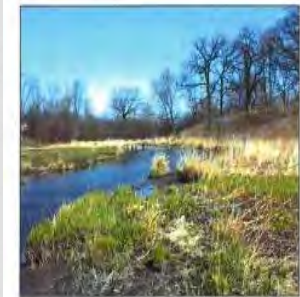
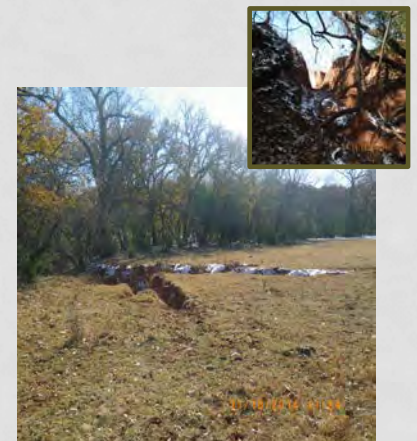
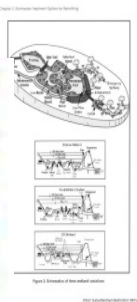


Figure 1: This wetland was constructed to treat stormwater from a nearby commercial area.





# FUTURE PLANS (FYE 2022 – 2027)

- Continue Monitoring According to the Most Recent Revision of the Monitoring Plan
  - Maintain Compliance with the Most Current Version of the QAPP
- Complete Implementation of 50% of Agricultural BMPs
  - Target Key Sub-Watersheds as Identified in the Plan
- Implement 33% of Urban/Suburban Structural BMPs
  - Target Key Sub-Watersheds as Identified in the Plan

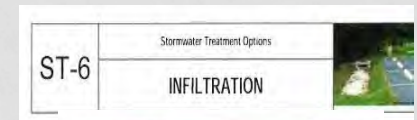
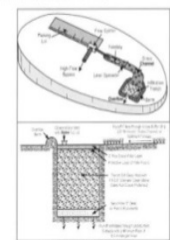


Figure 1: Infiltration Trench

Figure 2: Stormwater Treatment Options by Best Management Practice



**Other Stormwater Treatment Options:**  
 Stormwater treatment options can reduce sediment and other pollutants from runoff. They can also improve water quality, prevent erosion, and provide a natural habitat for wildlife. They can be used in a variety of settings, including residential, commercial, and industrial. They can be used to treat stormwater before it enters a water body, or they can be used to treat stormwater after it has entered a water body. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of ways, including infiltration, detention, and treatment. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of settings, including residential, commercial, and industrial. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of ways, including infiltration, detention, and treatment.

**Typical Stormwater Treatment Options:**  
 Stormwater treatment options can reduce sediment and other pollutants from runoff. They can also improve water quality, prevent erosion, and provide a natural habitat for wildlife. They can be used in a variety of settings, including residential, commercial, and industrial. They can be used to treat stormwater before it enters a water body, or they can be used to treat stormwater after it has entered a water body. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of ways, including infiltration, detention, and treatment. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of settings, including residential, commercial, and industrial. They can be used to treat stormwater in a variety of ways, including infiltration, detention, and treatment.

# FUTURE PLANS (FYE 2022 – 2027)

- Begin Implementation of Remaining 50% of Agricultural BMPs
- Review Up to Ten Years of Monitoring Data
  - Assess Compliance Status with Load Requirements
  - Evaluate Validity of TMDL
- Revise Compliance Plan as Required





# QUESTIONS?

Compliance Plan & Monitoring Plan for  
the Lake Thunderbird TMDL



City of Norman, Oklahoma